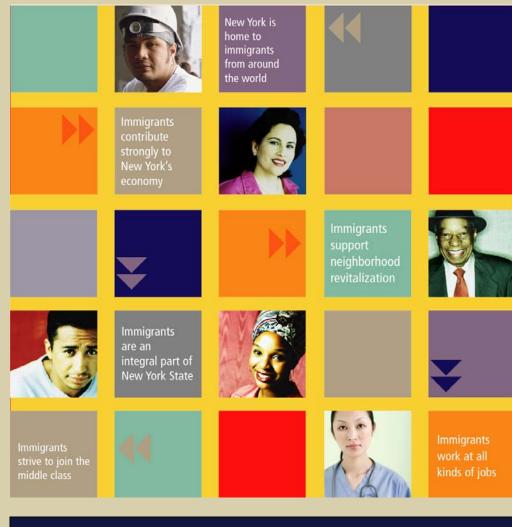
Fiscal Policy Institute



Working for a Better Life

A Profile of Immigrants in the New York State Economy

In an overheated atmosphere, Fiscal Policy Institute set out to take a calm look at the *real role of immigrants* in New York



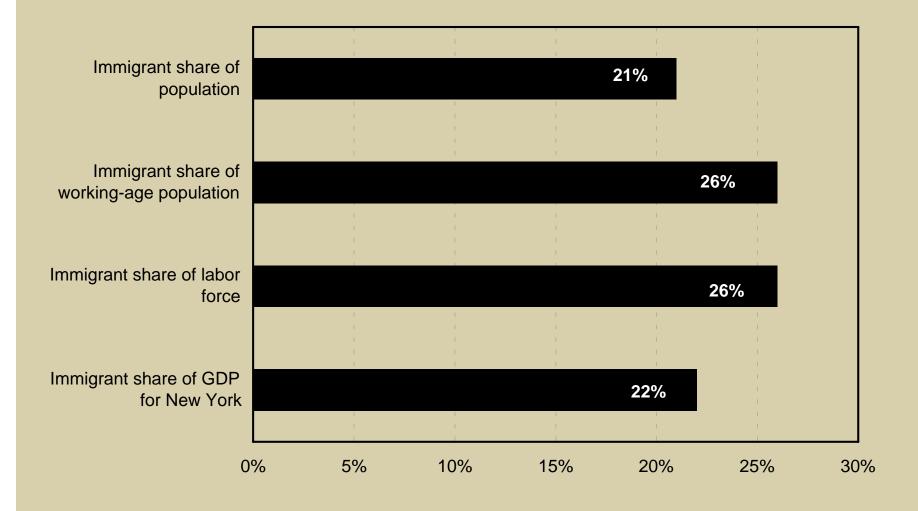






Immigrant **economic** contribution is greater than the

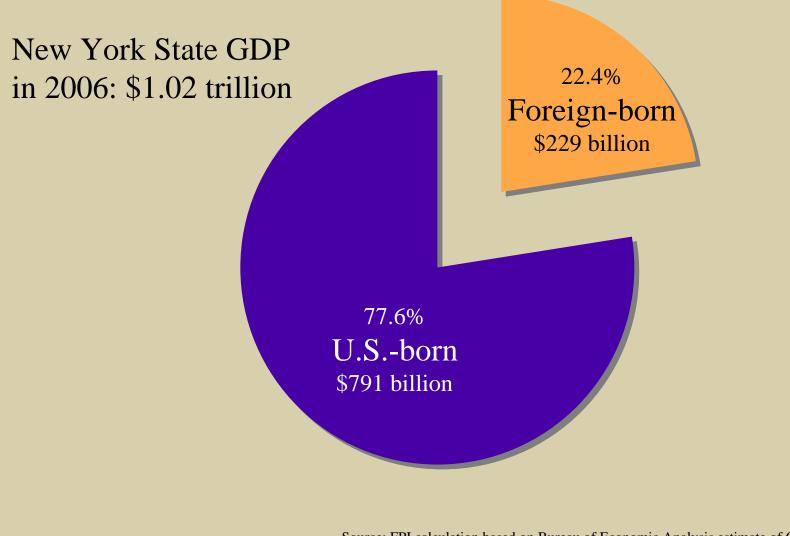
share of state population



Source: FPI analysis of 2005 ACS PUMS. Working age is 16-64 years old.

Immigrant **economic** contribution represents nearly

a quarter of the New York State economy



Source: FPI calculation based on Bureau of Economic Analysis estimate of Gross Domestic Product by State and ACS PUMS. See *Working for a Better Life*, Appendix B, for details. 3 distinct Stories of immigration

in New York State



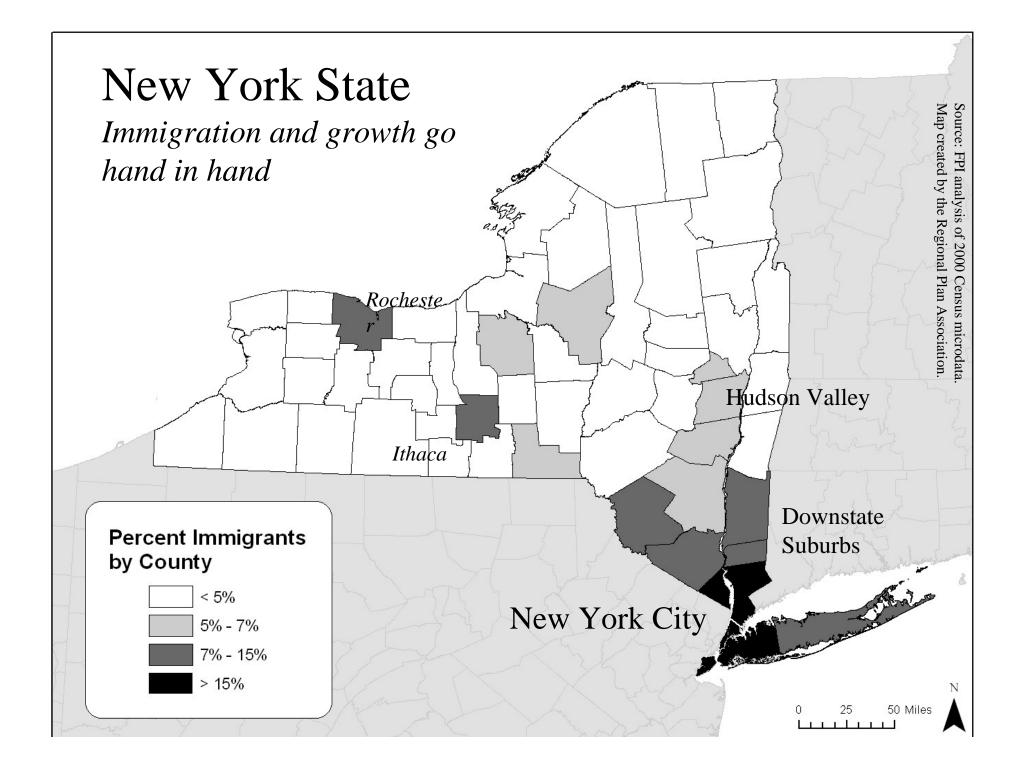
3.0 million immigrants

Upstate 340,000

Downstate Suburbs 740,000 Downstate Suburbs

Nassau Suffolk Westchester Rockland Putnam.

Sources: American Community Survey 2005 and New York City Department Of City Planning corrected figures, as accepted by the Census Bureau.





Upstate New York

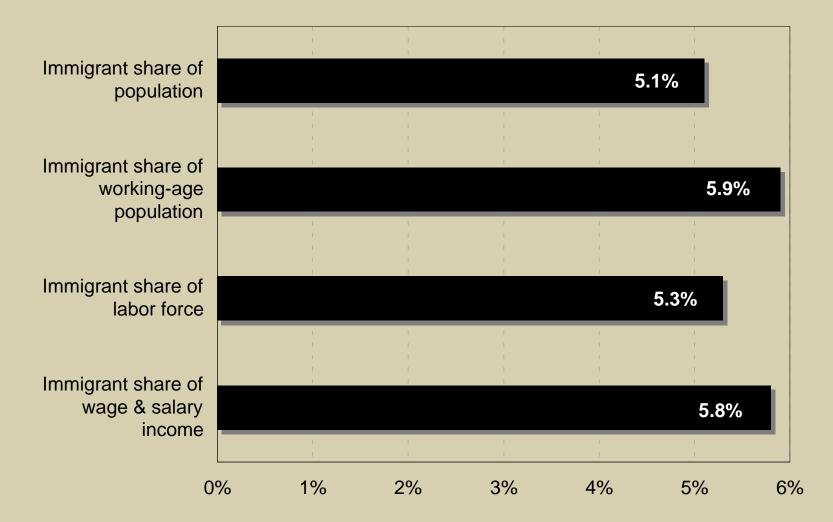


Immigrants Play a Key Role in Fields Important to Future Growth





Immigrant contribution to the **upstate** economy



Source: FPI analysis of 2005 ACS PUMS. Working age is 16-64 years old. Immigrants are especially important to *four sectors* that are critical to upstate growth & culture

<u>Health Care</u> 35% of doctors

<u>Higher Education</u> 20% of professors

Research & Development

20% of computer software engineers

Farming

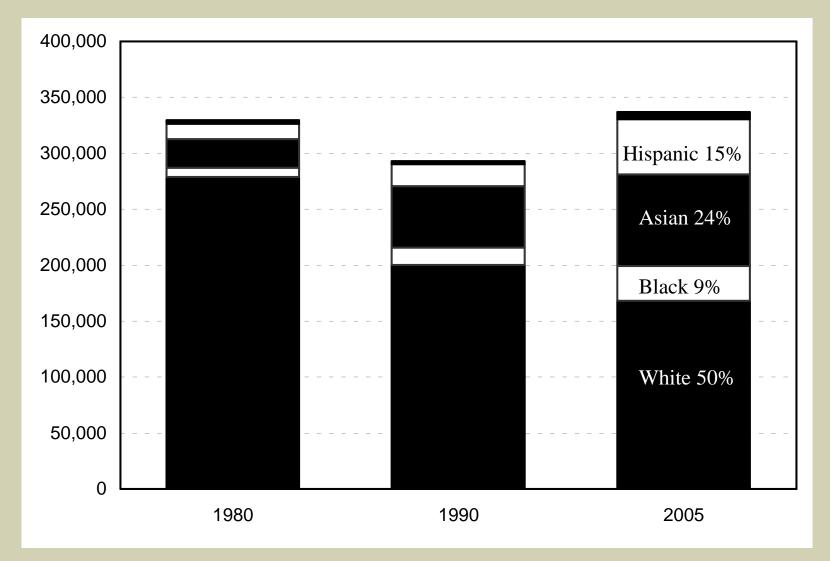
80% of seasonal farm workers

Source: FPI analysis of 2005 ACS PUMS.

What would you *guess* are the **top 10 countries** Immigrants to upstate NY come from

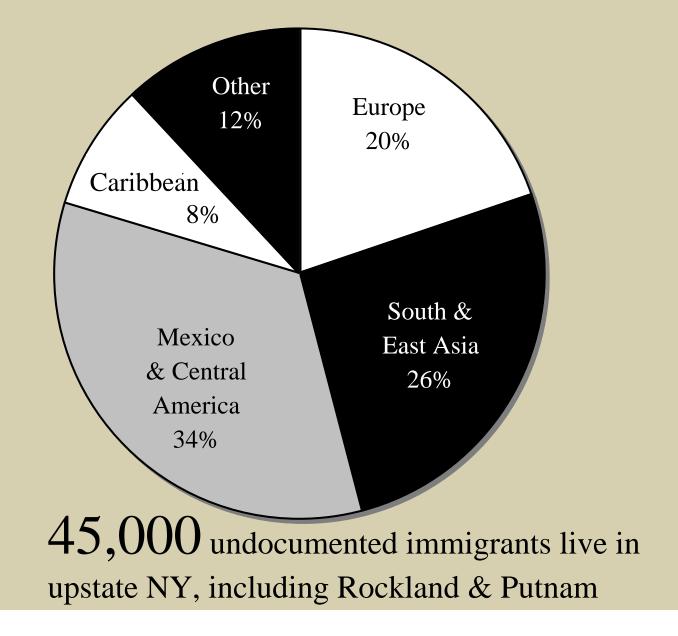
1. Canada
2. India
3. Germany
4. Mexico
5. Italy
6. China
7. Korea
8. Jamaica
9. Poland
10. Bosnia and Herzegovina

Immigration is increasingly *diverse*



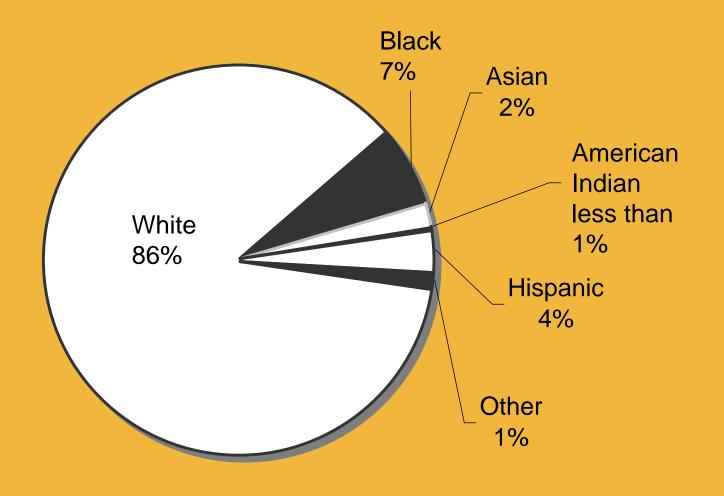
Sources: FPI analysis of 1980 and 1990 Census, and 2005 ACS PUMS. Geographic coding on the 2000 census limits ability to identify parts of southern upstate counties, so 2000 data is excluded.

Undocumented immigrants, too, are a very mixed group



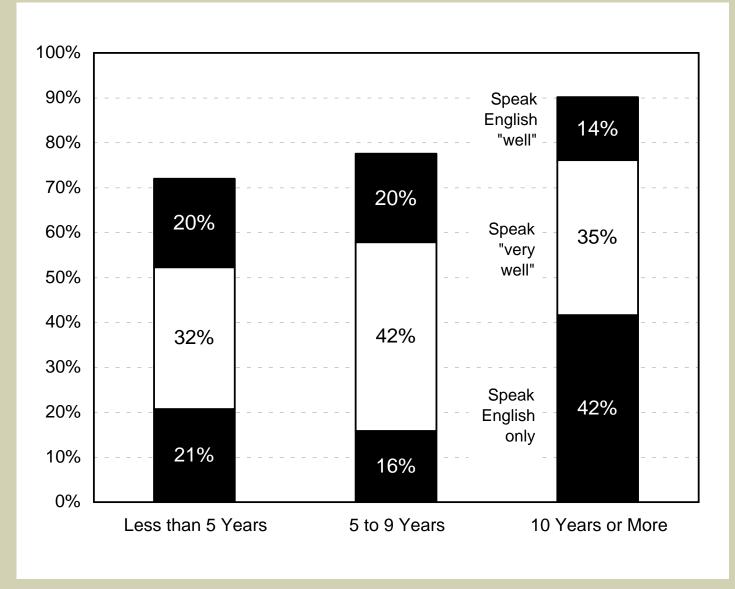
Source: Prepared for FPI by Jeffrey S. Passel, Pew Hispanic Center, 2007. Based on Pew Hispanic Center data from March 2000-2006, CPS with legal status assigned. Rockland and Putnam counties are included in upstate rather than downstate suburbs for this analysis. For more information, see *Working for a Better Life*, Appendix A.

Overall level of diversity upstate...



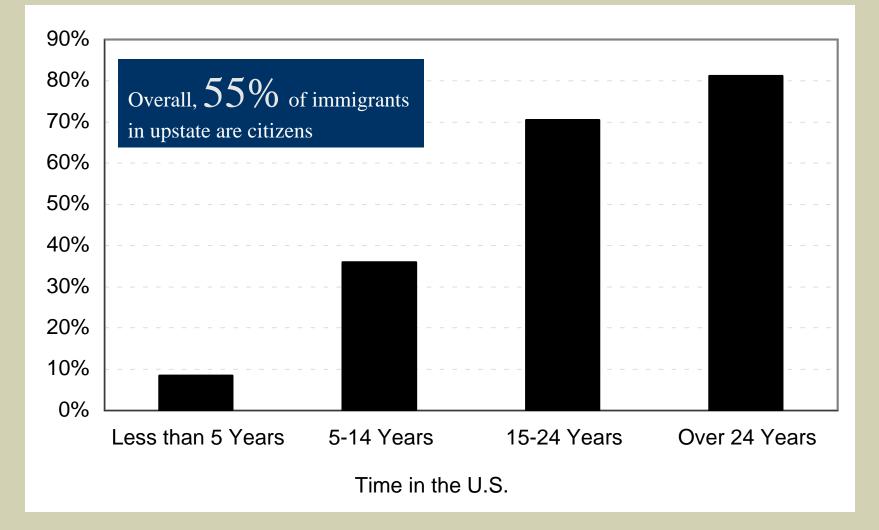
Source: FPI analysis of 2005 ACS PUMS.

In 10 years, 77% of immigrants speak "very well" or only English



Source: FPI analysis of 2005 ACS PUMS. Universe: Immigrants 5 years of age and older.

Immigrants become American citizens



Source: FPI analysis of 2005 ACS PUMS. Note that the data reflect only those immigrants still alive as of 2005, and who currently live in the downstate suburbs.

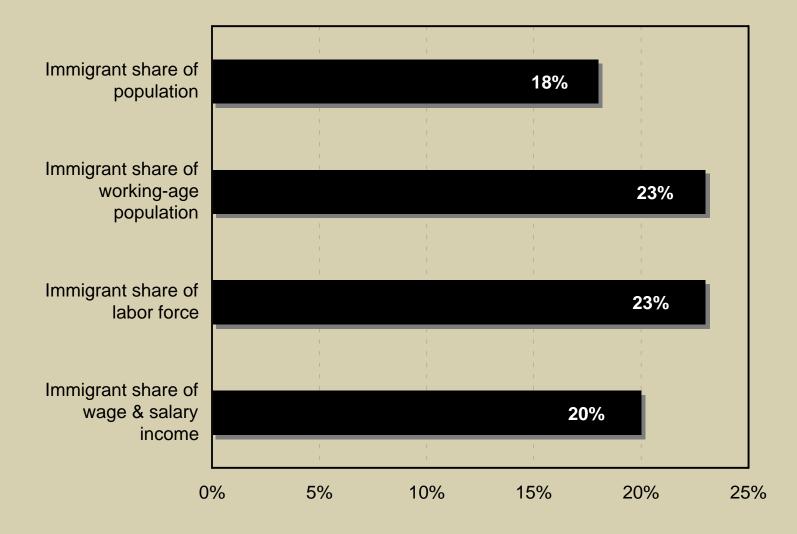


Downstate Suburbs

Growing, and Growing More Diverse



Immigrant contribution to the downstate suburbs



Source: FPI analysis of 2005 ACS PUMS. Working age is 16-64 years old.

Median family income in Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester, Rockland, and Putnam counties

Families with at least one immigrant adult:

\$71,000

Families with only U.S.-born adults:

\$86,000

Source: FPI analysis of CPS March supplements covering the years 2001-2005. Data is from 5-year pool, with incomes in 2005 dollars (CPIU).

Day laborers attract a lot of attention, but day laborers are less than a half of one percent of immigrants, and a small portion even of undocumented immigrants.

Based on Valenzuela & Meléndez estimate of 6,000-8,000 day laborers hired through shape-up sites in the entire New York metropolitan area, including New York City and suburbs in New York and New Jersey. See *Working for a Better Life* for further details.

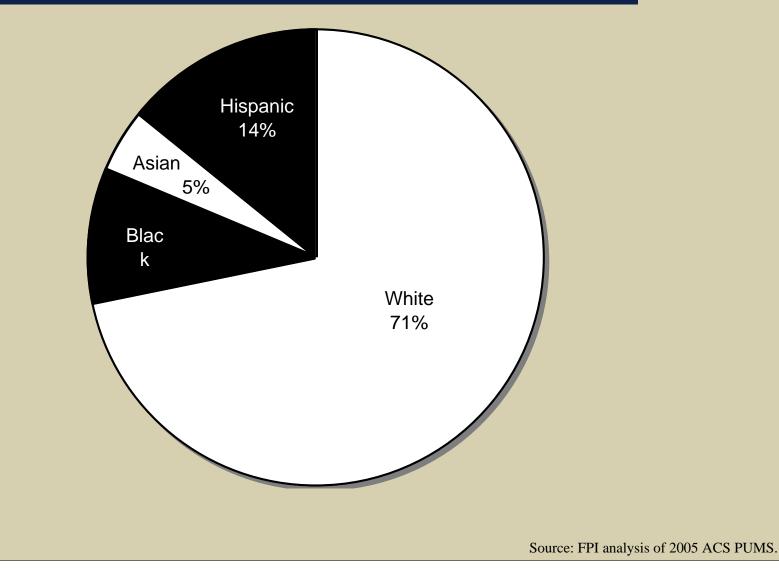
A good number of construction workers, maids, and grounds maintenance workers are immigrants. *But*...

the **top occupation** of immigrants in the downstate suburbs is registered nurse (29% of RNs are foreign born)

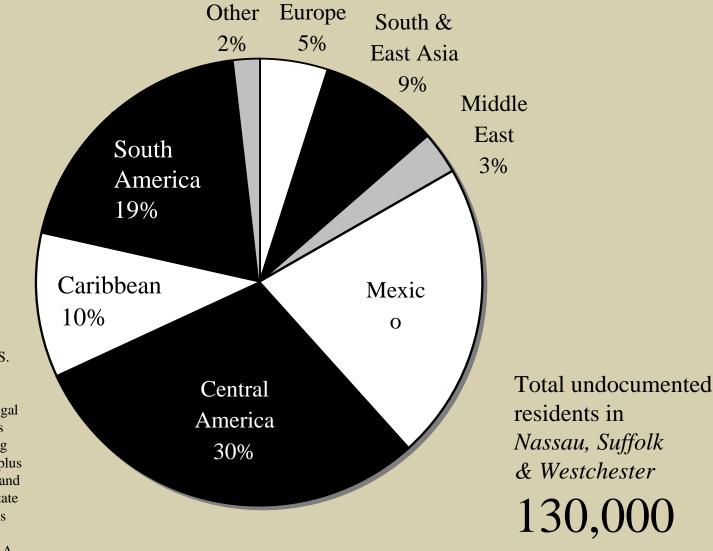
41% of all physicians and surgeons are foreign-born

22% of accountants are foreign-born

The downstate suburbs are becoming diverse and global



Even **undocumented** immigration is more diverse than you may think



Source: Prepared for FPI by Jeffrey S. Passel, Pew Hispanic Center, 2007. Based on Pew Hispanic Center data from March 2000-2006, CPS with legal status assigned. Middle East includes Asian countries west of and including Iran, south of and including Turkey plus Cyprus and North Africa. Rockland and Putnam counties are included in upstate rather than downstate suburbs for this analysis. For more information, see *Working for a Better Life*, Appendix A.

In the end, we *have* to work it out

How many children are growing up in families with at least one immigrant adult

Upstate New York:	8%
Downstate suburbs:	31%
New York City:	57%
New York State Average:	34%

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Immigrants *pay taxes*

New York City

• Legal immigrants paid on average \$5,500 in total taxes, while native-born pay on average \$6,000. (1994)

• Undocumented immigrants paid on average \$2,200 in taxes on considerably lower incomes. (1994) Source: Imm



Source: *Immigrants in New York: Their Legal Status, Incomes, and Taxes,* Jeffrey S. Passel and Rebecca L. Clark, 1998.

What taxes do *undocumented* immigrants pay?

property tax (through rent)

state and local sales tax

payroll taxes (but they don't get Social Security or Medicare)

city, state, and federal income tax

they also do not receive the earned income tax credit



What services are immigrants *eligible* to get?

What *should* the answer be?

Public Schools?

All children are eligible for public school.

Food Stamps?

Legal immigrants are restricted for 5 years, with an exception made for children. Undocumented immigrants are never eligible.



TANF?

Federal restriction for 5 years for legal immigrants, appropriately made up for by NYS. Undocumented immigrants are never eligible.

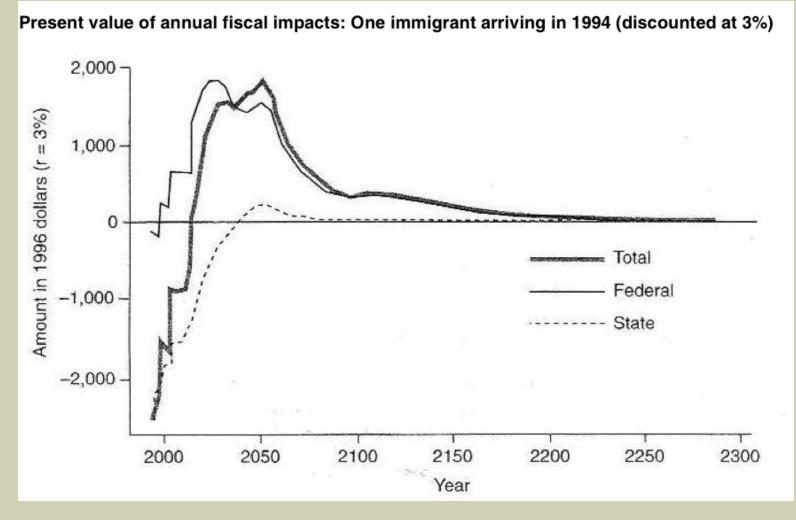
Medicaid?

Varies by state. In New York, state-funded Medicaid & Family Health Plus available to all immigrants "permanently residing under color of law."

Emergency Medical Care?

Everyone is eligible; some mechanisms for reimbursement.

"The consensus among most economists seems to be that, over the long term and averaged across all immigrants (including illegal ones, who both pay less in taxes and receive less in benefits), immigrants more than pay their way in the US, in that their tax contribution exceeds public spending on them. However, it seems that this benefit is largely realized at the federal level rather than the state or local."



Sources: Quote: Tim Bolin, Institute of Industrial Relations, "Economic and Fiscal Impacts of Immigration." chart: Smith and Edmonston, 1997, p. 341.